

KNIME Secrets User Guide

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Introduction



This feature is available only for Standard and Enterprise editions licenses.

Secrets provide a way to centrally store and manage logins to other systems. For example, a secret could be credentials to log into an external database, file system or service. Secrets are owned and managed by a user or team. User secrets are intended for managing personal logins e.g. john.smith. Team secrets on the other hand are intended for shared logins sometimes referred to as technical or service users e.g. hr_read_only, that are shared with multiple users.

Managing secrets

Secrets are managed via the KNIME Business Hub.


- To manage your personal secrets navigate to your account page and select *Secrets* from the menu on the left. On your *Secrets* page you can create, edit and delete your personal secrets.
- To manage team secrets you have to navigate to the team page you want to manage the secrets for. Once you are on the team page select *Secrets* from the menu on the left.

Creation, editing and deletion for personal and team secrets works the same and is described below. Please note, that team secrets can only be created by team admins.


The screenshot shows the KNIME Business Hub interface. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search workflows, nodes and more...". Below the search bar, the breadcrumb navigation reads "KNIME Dev Business Hub > Secret Team > Secrets". The main content area is titled "Secrets of Secret Team" and features a table of secrets. The table has columns for Name, Owner, Date of creation, Type, Status, Updated on, and Description. A sidebar on the left contains navigation options: Spaces, Deployments, Execution resources, and Secrets. A "Manage team" button is located in the top right corner of the secrets table area.

Name	Owner ↓	Date of creation	Type	Status	Updated on	Description
HR DB	Secret Team	Nov. 21, 2023, 16...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec. 8, 2023, 7...	Read-only user for the HR...
HR Development	Secret Team	Nov. 28, 2023, 14...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec. 8, 2023, 7...	Login for development HR...
Shared Secret Team fr...	Secret Team	Aug. 25, 2023, 8:37	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec. 8, 2023, 7...	Tobias created this secret
Shared HR DB	Secret Team	Aug. 16, 2023, 8:38	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Aug. 16, 2023, 8...	Shared secret for HR data...
Test database	Secret Team	Dec. 1, 2023, 15:15	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec. 8, 2023, 7...	
(Updated) Database Cr...	Hub installation	Aug. 31, 2023, 11...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Aug. 31, 2023, 1...	Username and password ...
Corporate DB	Dev Team	Dec. 8, 2023, 7:03	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec. 8, 2023, 7...	This is company wide use...


Create a new secret

To create a new secret click the  button. Each secret consists of a unique name, optional description, secret type and authentication type. Depending on the selected secret and authentication type the additional input fields are different (for more details see the [Secret types](#) section). Once the secret is created it is visible in the secrets table that lists all secrets that you have access to, including the ones that have been shared with you.

Edit an existing secret


To edit an existing secret click the  icon on the row corresponding to the secret you want to edit, and then click *Edit*. This will open the edit menu bar where you can adapt the values of the secret. To store the changes click the *Save changes* button. Please note that the secret and authentication type cannot be changed. To change these you need to create a new secret.

Delete a secret

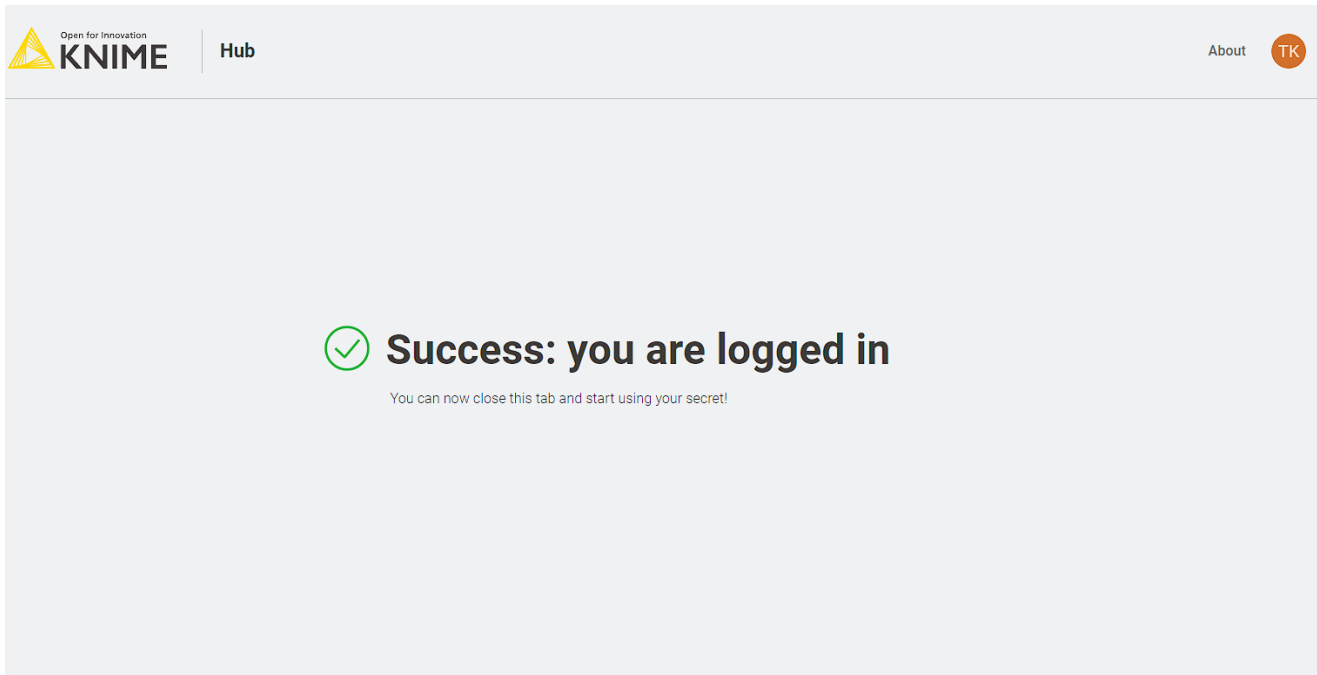
To delete an existing secret click the  icon on the row corresponding to the secret you want to edit, and then click *Delete*. To prevent accidental deletes you are prompted to enter the name of the secret. Once you have entered the secret name you can click the *I understand the consequences, delete secret permanently* button to delete the secret.

Interactive login


Some secret types, e.g. **interactive generic OAuth2** and other secrets with interactive authentication type, require you to log into your account to acquire a session and refresh token. If you are not logged in, these secrets are marked in the secrets table as *Not consumable* in the status column.

To log in click the  icon on the row corresponding to the secret you want to log in, and then click *Login*. This will open up a new browser window/tab that shows the login page of the corresponding identity provider, e.g. Google, Microsoft, etc.

Once you are logged in you are redirected to the success page which you can close.



Manage access to team secrets

For team secrets, you can select **Manage access** from the menu that opens when clicking the  icon of the secret to share. This opens a side panel where you can type the name of the user or team you want to share the secret with.

It is also possible to share the secret with users that are not members of your team. When sharing a secret, this will be available in the user profile in the Secrets section. For more details see the [Using secrets](#) section.

When managing the access you can assign either the *Use* or *Edit* right. The use right allows only the use of the secret in a KNIME workflow via the Secrets Retriever node (for more details see the [Using secrets](#) section). The edit right instead, also allows the user or team to not only use the secret but also to change its properties or to delete it.



User secrets cannot be shared with other users or teams for security reasons.

Using secrets

Secrets can be used in KNIME workflows via the **Secrets Retriever** node. The node is part of the **KNIME Hub Additional Connectivity (Labs)** extension and needs to be installed separately. To retrieve the available secrets the Secrets Retriever node requires a connection to a KNIME Business Hub.

This can be done in two ways:

1. If the workflow is located in a **space** on the KNIME Business Hub, you can simply double click the workflow to open it. This will open the workflow on its location on the KNIME Business Hub for you to use from your local installation of the KNIME Analytics Platform client. By doing so the node will use the existing connection to the Business Hub to retrieve the secrets.
2. If the workflow is not located on the Business Hub e.g. it is stored in a **local workspace**, you need to use the **KNIME Hub Authenticator** and connect it to the Secrets Retriever node via its **dynamic input port**.

Once the node has access to a KNIME Business Hub you can open its dialog. In the dialog you can select any number of secrets that you have access to. Depending on the types of the selected secret the node will have different output ports e.g. a **flow variable** output port if you select a secret of type **credentials**. For more details about the supported secret types see the **Secret types** section.



For security reasons the retrieved secrets are not stored when the workflow is saved. Therefore, the node needs to be re-executed every time a workflow is opened.

During execution of a workflow the Secrets Retriever node retrieves the secret from the Business Hub using the rights of the user that executes the workflow. If that user has no right to use the secret the node will fail with a *Secret does not exist error message*.



Secrets are referenced from the Secrets Retriever node using their internal identifier and not their name. So changing the name of a secret in the KNIME Hub will not break the connection to it from the Secrets Retriever node.

Secret types

Secrets can have various types such as credentials, access tokens, OAuth2 session tokens or private key files. Each secret type can have various authentication types e.g. the credentials type can be a Username/Password or Password only authentication type. In the following sections we describe the different secret and authentication types, how they are created and represented in KNIME workflows.

Box

The screenshot shows the KNIME Hub interface. On the left, there is a navigation menu with 'Secrets' selected. The main content area displays 'Secrets of Secret Team' with a table of 7 rows. On the right, a 'Create secret' dialog box is open, showing fields for Name, Description, Secret type, Authentication type, and Client/App configuration.

Name	Owner	Date of creation	Type	Status	Updated on	Description
(Updated 2) Datab...	Hub installation	Aug 31, 2023 1:19 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Jan 8, 2024 5:09 P...	...
Box Service Accou...	Secret Team	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Box (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Service...
Corporate DB	Dev Team	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	This is...
HR DB	Secret Team	Nov 21, 2023 5:44 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 12, 2023 1:32 ...	Read-c...
HR Development	Secret Team	Nov 28, 2023 3:51 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:05 ...	Login f...
Shared Google AP...	Secret Team	Jan 19, 2024 4:24 ...	Google (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 19, 2024 5:01 ...	First A...
Shared HR DB	Secret Team	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Sharec...

The 'Create secret' dialog box contains the following fields:

- Name:** Box
- Description:** Secret team box account for file handling
- Secret type:** Box
- Authentication type:** Server authentication (client credentials)
- Client/App configuration:** ID, Secret, Enterprise ID

The Box secret type allows you to connect to **Box** e.g. in order to manage your files using the **Box File Handling Extension**. Prior creating one of these secret types you need to create a **Custom App** in Box. Depending on the selected **authentication type** of your App you must select one of the authentication types described in the following sections.

For each of the following Box secret types the **Secrets Retriever** node will return a Credential output port with the Box access token (for more details see the **Using secrets** section). Each selected secret will result in a dedicated Credential output port. This port can be used as input for the **Box Connector** node which allows you to **manage your files** in Box.

User authentication

This type is used for the **user authentication type** in Box which supports **OAuth 2.0** based user authentication.

This type requires you to log in to Box to obtain a valid access token prior using the secret. For more details on how to log in see the [Interactive login](#) section.



Since this is a personal login this authentication type is only available for KNIME Hub users.

When you [setup](#) the Box App you have to add the following [redirect URI](#) to the *OAuth 2.0 Redirect URI* section in the *Apps Configuration* page `https://api.<base-url>/oauth2-flows/callback` where `<base-url>` is your Business Hub instance URL, e.g. `hub.example.com`. Note that the hostname must be prefixed with `api.` in the redirect URI. For more details on how to setup a User authentication (OAuth 2.0) App see the [Box documentation](#).

For this secret type you can specify:

- Client/App ID: is the client ID of the application specified in the *OAuth 2.0 Credentials* section of your *App Configuration*
- Client/App Secret: is the client secret of the application specified in the *OAuth 2.0 Credentials* section of your *App Configuration*

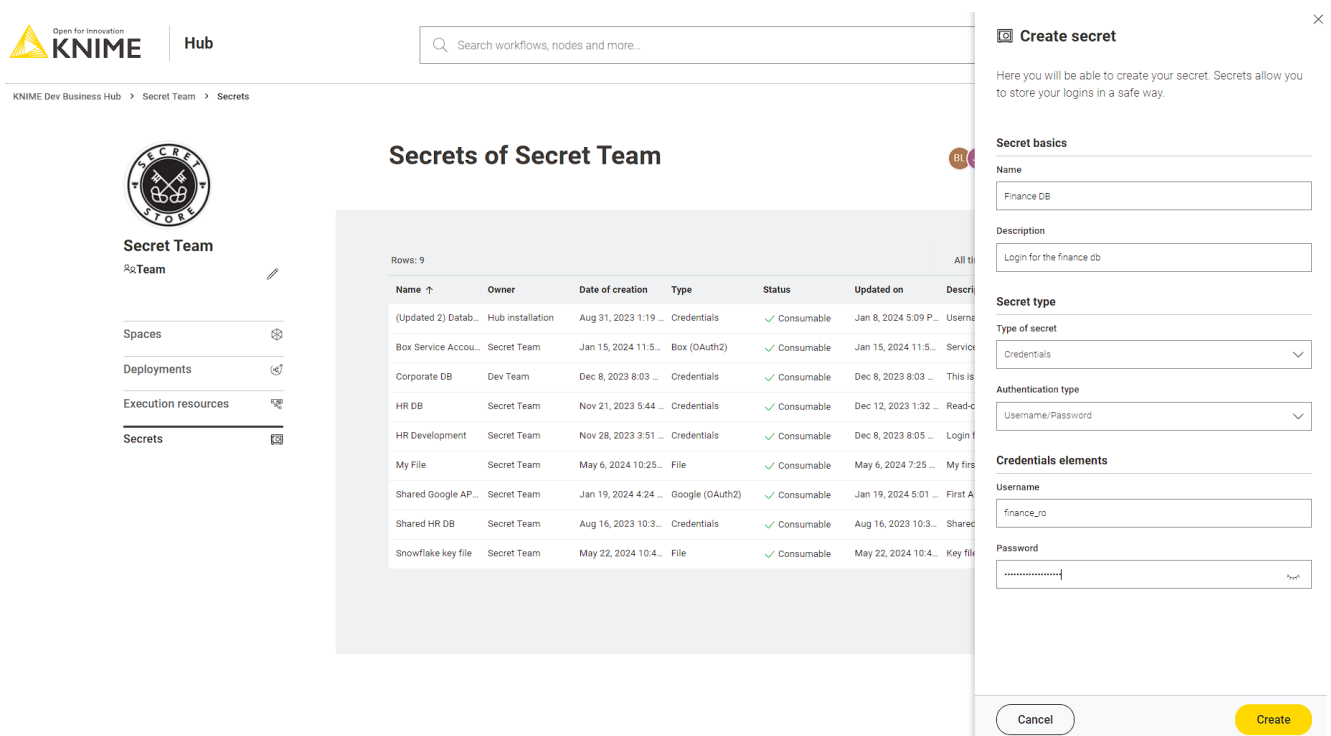
Server authentication

This type is used for the [server authentication \(client credentials grant\)](#) which is recommended to use for deployed KNIME workflows. For more details on how to setup an application with Client Credentials Grand in Box click [here](#).

For this secret type you can specify:

- Client/App ID: is the client ID of the application specified in the *OAuth 2.0 Credentials* section of your *App Configuration*
- Client/App Secret: is the client secret of the application specified in the *OAuth 2.0 Credentials* section of your *App Configuration*
- Enterprise ID: is the *Enterprise ID* as displayed in the *General Settings* page of your App

Credentials



Credentials are the most basic types of secrets. They are divided into the two authentication types: *Username/Password* and *Password only*. Whereby the *Username/Password* type stores a username and a password such as a database login and the *Password only* type stores a password only such as an API key or access token.

Independent of the number of selected credentials secret types the **Secrets Retriever** node will return a single flow variable output port with a credentials flow variable for each selected credentials secret (for more details see the **Using secrets** section). To better distinguish the different credentials variables, you can specify the name for each variable in the node dialog.

Credentials variables are supported by a wide range of KNIME nodes where they can be assigned in the node dialog to a username and password or token input field via the corresponding **flow variable** button.

File

The screenshot shows the KNIME Hub interface. On the left, there is a navigation menu with 'Secrets' selected. The main area displays 'Secrets of Secret Team' with a table of secrets. A 'Create secret' dialog box is open on the right, showing fields for Name, Description, Secret type (File), Authentication type (File), and File management (Select file).

Name	Owner	Date of creation	Type	Status	Updated on	Description
(Updated 2) Datab...	Hub installation	Aug 31, 2023 1:19 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Jan 8, 2024 5:09 P...	Users...
Box Service Accou...	Secret Team	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Box (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Service...
Corporate DB	Dev Team	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	This is...
HR DB	Secret Team	Nov 21, 2023 5:44 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 12, 2023 1:32 ...	Read-c...
HR Development	Secret Team	Nov 28, 2023 3:51 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:05 ...	Login f...
My File	Secret Team	May 6, 2024 10:25...	File	✓ Consumable	May 6, 2024 7:25 ...	My firs...
Shared Google AP...	Secret Team	Jan 19, 2024 4:24 ...	Google (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 19, 2024 5:01 ...	First A...
Shared HR DB	Secret Team	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Share...

The file credential type supports storing of arbitrary files such as api key or certificate files with a maximum size of 10 kilobytes.

Independent of the number of selected file secret types the **Secrets Retriever** node will return a single flow variable output port with a **path flow variable** for each selected file secret (for more details see the **Using secrets** section). To better distinguish the different file variables, you can specify the name for each variable in the node dialog.

Path variables are supported by a wide range of KNIME nodes where they can be assigned in the node dialog to a file path via the corresponding **flow variable** button.

Generic OAuth2

The screenshot shows the KNIME Hub interface. On the left, there is a navigation menu with 'Secrets' selected. The main content area displays 'Secrets of Secret Team' with a table of 7 rows. On the right, a 'Create secret' dialog box is open, showing the configuration for a 'Generic OAuth2' secret type. The dialog box includes fields for 'Type of secret' (Generic OAuth2), 'Authentication type' (Client credentials), 'Endpoints configuration' (Token endpoint URL), 'Client/App configuration' (ID, Secret), 'Scopes of access' (Add scope), and 'Token endpoint settings' (POST, GET, Client/App authentication method). A 'Create' button is visible at the bottom right of the dialog box.

Name	Owner	Date of creation	Type	Status	Updated on	Description
(Updated 2) Datab...	Hub installation	Aug 31, 2023 1:19 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Jan 8, 2024 5:09 P...	Users...
Box Service Accou...	Secret Team	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Box (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Service...
Corporate DB	Dev Team	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	This is...
HR DB	Secret Team	Nov 21, 2023 5:44 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 12, 2023 1:32 ...	Read-c...
HR Development	Secret Team	Nov 28, 2023 3:51 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:05 ...	Login f...
Shared Google AP...	Secret Team	Jan 19, 2024 4:24 ...	Google (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 19, 2024 5:01 ...	First A...
Shared HR DB	Secret Team	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Share...

The generic OAuth2 secret type allows you to connect to **OAuth2** compliant authentication providers for which we do not have a dedicated secret type, e.g. Facebook, GitHub, Instagram, LinkedIn, Slack, and others. Depending on your use case and **grant type** you must select one of the authentication types described in the following sections.

For each of the following generic OAuth2 secret types the **Secrets Retriever** node will return a Credential output port with the OAuth2 access token (for more details see the **Using secrets** section). Each selected secret will result in a dedicated Credential output port. This port can be used as input for several nodes such as the **REST nodes**.

Interactive

This type supports the (interactive) **OAuth 2.0 Authorization Code** grant flow. The auth code flow is used to obtain an access token via an interactive login. For more details on how to log in see the **Interactive login** section.



This authentication type is **only available** for **personal secrets** of KNIME Hub users and not for **team secrets**.

When you setup the auth code flow with your identity provider you need to use the following redirect URI: `https://api.<base-url>/oauth2-flows/callback` where `<base-url>` is your Business Hub instance URL, e.g. `hub.example.com`. Note that the hostname must be prefixed with `api.` in the redirect URI.

For this secret type you can specify:

- Authorization endpoint URL: is the authorization endpoint URL of the OAuth service
- Token endpoint URL: is the token endpoint URL of the OAuth2 service
- Client/App Type: is the application flow type to use either public or confidential
- Client/App ID: is the client/application ID sometimes called API key
- Client/App Secret: is the client/application secret to use (only available for confidential type)
- Scopes of access: is the list of scopes to request for the access token
- Token endpoint request method: is the HTTP method to use when requesting the access token from the token endpoint
- Client/App authentication method: specifies how to transfer Client/App ID and secret to the service endpoints. HTTP Basic Auth is the most common mechanism, but some services expect these values to be part of the form-encoded request body.
- Use PKCE: if selected a **Proof Key Code Exchange** is performed which improves the security

Client credentials

This type supports the **client credentials** grant flow. The client credentials grant is used to obtain an access token on behalf of an application/client, without having the context of a user.

For this secret type you can specify:

- Token endpoint URL: is the token endpoint URL of the OAuth2 service
- Client/App ID: is the client/application ID sometimes called API key
- Client/App Secret: is the client/application secret to use
- Scopes of access: is the list of scopes to request for the access token
- Token endpoint request method: is the HTTP method to use when requesting the access token from the token endpoint
- Client/App authentication method: specifies how to transfer Client/App ID and secret to the service endpoints. HTTP Basic Auth is the most common mechanism, but some services expect these values to be part of the form-encoded request body.
- Additional request fields: are any additional request body fields that should be added to the token endpoint request

Username/Password

This type supports the **OAuth 2.0 resource owner password credentials (ROPC)** grant flow.

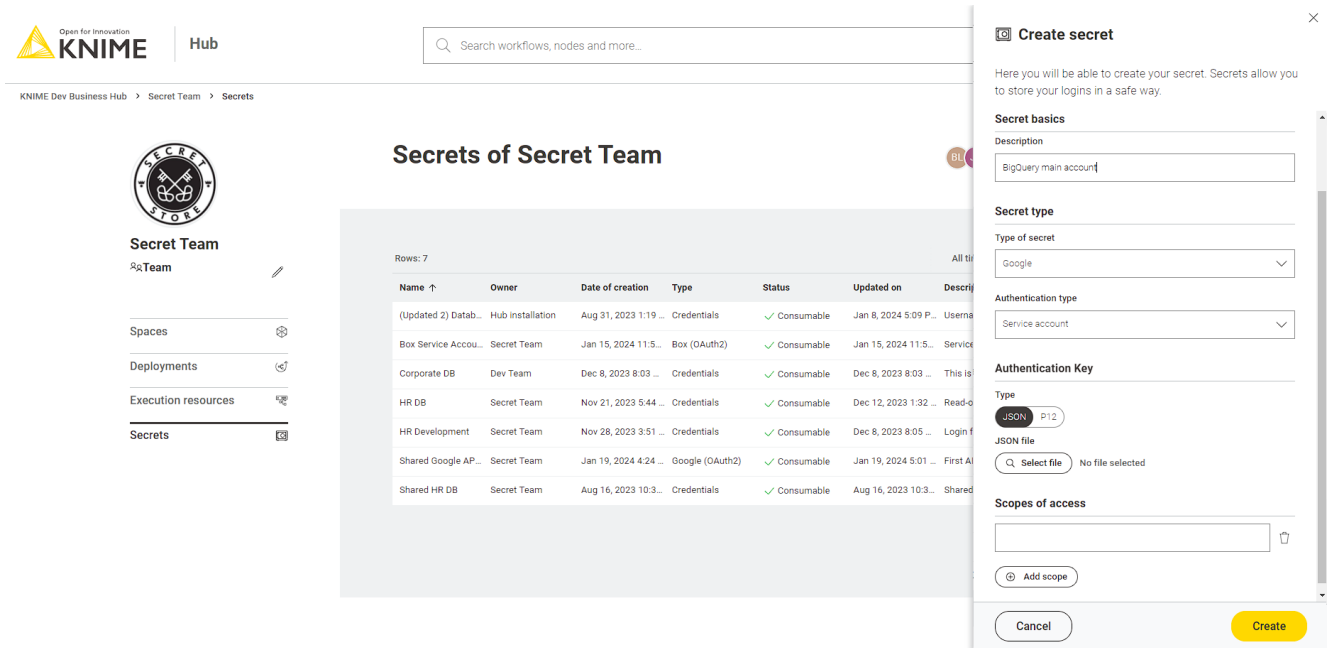


The ROPC grant is considered legacy and does not support 2FA/MFA. Usage of this grant is discouraged and the client credentials grant should be used instead.

For this secret type you can specify:

- Token endpoint URL: is the token endpoint URL of the OAuth2 service
- Username: is the username to use
- Password: is the secret to use
- Client/App Type: is the application flow type to use either public or confidential
- Client/App ID: is the client/application ID sometimes called API key
- Client/App Secret: is the client/application secret to use (only available for confidential type)
- Scopes of access: is the list of scopes to request for the access token
- Token endpoint request method: is the HTTP method to use when requesting the access token from the token endpoint
- Client/App authentication method: specifies how to transfer Client/App ID and secret to the service endpoints. HTTP Basic Auth is the most common mechanism, but some services expect these values to be part of the form-encoded request body.

Google



The Google secret type allows you to connect to various Google services e.g. manage your files in [Google Drive](#) via the [Google Connectors Extension](#) or [Google Cloud Storage](#) using the [Google Cloud Storage Extension](#) as well as working with your data in [Google BigQuery](#) using the [BigQuery Extension](#).

For each of the following Google secret types the [Secrets Retriever](#) node will return a Credential output port with the [Google access token](#) (for more details see the [Using secrets](#) section). Each selected secret will result in a dedicated Credential output port. This port can be used as input for various nodes such as the [Google Driver Connector](#) which allows you to [manage your files in Google Drive](#) or the [Google BigQuery Connector](#) which allows to [manage your data in Google BigQuery](#).

Interactive

This type is used for interactive authentication using your personal Google login.



This authentication type is **only available** for **personal secrets** of KNIME Hub users and not for **team secrets**.

Prior creating an interactive secret you need to create an [OAuth consent screen](#) and [OAuth client ID](#) of type Web application. When you setup the Web application you don't need to specify anything in the *Authorized JavaScript origins* section. But you have to add the following [redirect URI](#) to the *Authorized redirect URIs* section in the Oauth client ID configuration page `https://api.<base-url>/oauth2-flows/callback` where `<base-url>` is your Business Hub instance URL, e.g. `hub.example.com`. For more details about authentication in general and further details how to setup the OAuth consent screen and

client id see the [Google documentation](#).

This type requires you to login to Google to obtain a valid [access token](#) prior using the secret. For more details on how to log in see the [Interactive login](#) section.

For this secret type you can specify:

- Client/App ID file: is the [OAuth client ID](#) secret file (for an example file click [here](#))
- Scopes of access: are the scopes to request during login (for more details see the [OAuth2 scopes](#) section)

Service account

This type is used for a [service account](#) which is recommended to use for deployed KNIME workflows. For more details on how to setup a service account in Google click [here](#).

For this secret type you can specify:

- Authentication key type: is either JSON (recommended) or P12 format
- JSON or P12 file: depending on the selected key type please either upload your JSON or P12 [key file](#) (See the [Google documentation](#) on how to create one)
- Service account email: is the email address of the service account (only available for P12 type)
- Scopes of access: are the scopes to request during login (for more details see the [OAuth2 scopes](#) section)

Standard OAuth2 scopes for Google services

This section lists the different scopes for most common Google services you can access from within KNIME Analytics Platform.

For more details and a complete list of all the available scopes see the [Google documentation](#). To use one of the common services mentioned below copy the URL next to the service and paste it into the *Scopes of access* section of the secret.

- Google Analytics (read-only): <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/analytics.readonly>
- Google BigQuery: <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/bigquery>
- Google Drive (read-only): <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive.readonly>
- Google Drive: <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive>

- Google Sheets (read-only): <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/spreadsheets.readonly> and <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive.readonly>
- Google Sheets: <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/spreadsheets> and <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive.readonly>

Microsoft

The screenshot shows the KNIME Hub interface. On the left, there is a navigation menu with options like 'Secret Team', 'Spaces', 'Deployments', 'Execution resources', and 'Secrets'. The main area displays 'Secrets of Secret Team' with a table of secrets. On the right, a 'Create secret' dialog box is open, showing fields for Name, Description, Secret type, Authentication type, Domain configuration, and Client/App configuration.

Name	Owner	Date of creation	Type	Status	Updated on	Description
(Updated 2) Datab...	Hub installation	Aug 31, 2023 1:19 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Jan 8, 2024 5:09 P...	Users
Box Service Accou...	Secret Team	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Box (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 15, 2024 11:5...	Service
Corporate DB	Dev Team	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:03 ...	This is
HR DB	Secret Team	Nov 21, 2023 5:44 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 12, 2023 1:32 ...	Read-c
HR Development	Secret Team	Nov 28, 2023 3:51 ...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Dec 8, 2023 8:05 ...	Login
Shared Google AP...	Secret Team	Jan 19, 2024 4:24 ...	Google (OAuth2)	✓ Consumable	Jan 19, 2024 5:01 ...	First A
Shared HR DB	Secret Team	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Credentials	✓ Consumable	Aug 16, 2023 10:3...	Share

The 'Create secret' dialog box includes the following sections:

- Secret basics:** Name (Microsoft), Description (Team account for file handling).
- Secret type:** Type of secret (Microsoft), Authentication type (Application/Service principal).
- Domain configuration:** Tenant ID/Domain.
- Client/App configuration:** ID, Client application secret.
- Scopes of access:** Add scope button.

The Microsoft secret types allow you to connect to the Microsoft/Azure cloud platform with nodes from the following extensions:

- [KNIME Office 365 Connectors](#)
- [KNIME SharePoint List](#)
- [KNIME Azure Cloud Connectors](#)
- [KNIME Power BI Integration](#)
- [KNIME Snowflake Integration](#)
- [KNIME Database \(Microsoft SQL Server Connector node\)](#)
- [KNIME REST Client Extension](#)

For each of the following secret types the Secrets Retriever node will return a Credential output port that contains either an OAuth2 access token, or an Azure Storage credential (for

more details see the [Using secrets](#) section). Each selected secret will result in a dedicated Credential output port. This port can be used as input for nodes from the above extensions.

Interactive

This type supports an interactive login into the Microsoft/Azure cloud with your Microsoft identity.



This authentication type is **only available** for [personal secrets](#) of KNIME Hub users and not for [team secrets](#).

Prior to using the secret, you need to perform an [Interactive login](#) to obtain a valid access token. Note that at some point the login will expire and a new login is necessary, hence this secret type is not well-suited for scheduled or otherwise automated workflows on KNIME Hub.

As a prerequisite to configuring the secret, an App in Azure Entra ID ([formerly Azure Active Directory](#)) needs to be registered (see [How-tos](#) section).

For this secret type you can specify:

- Client/App configuration: enter the Application ID of the previously registered Azure App
- Scopes of access: enter a list of scopes, which limit what the resulting secret can be used for, e.g. only to access SharePoint; during the interactive login you may have to consent to the requested scopes (for more details see the [OAuth2 scopes](#) section).
- Authorization endpoint: either use the default URL, or enter a custom one, which allows to sign into a specific Azure tenant



In technical terms, the login is based on the [OAuth 2.0 Authorization Code](#) flow. The interactive login allows KNIME Hub to obtain and store temporary access and refresh tokens on behalf of the user. KNIME Hub refreshes and returns the acquired access token whenever the secret is used in a workflow. The selected scopes correspond to [delegated permissions](#) in Microsoft/Azure. Consult the respective [how-to](#) for more information on how to correctly set up an Azure App.

Application/Service principal

This type supports authenticating as an application or service principal in the Microsoft/Azure cloud. This is well-suited for scheduled or otherwise automated workflows

on KNIME Hub, where no user is present to interactively login.

As a prerequisite, an App in Azure Entra ID (**formerly Azure Active Directory**) needs to be registered. Please see the respective **how-to**.

For this secret type you can specify:

- Domain configuration: specify the Azure tenant to access, either in ID format, e.g. *faa16e7e-a95d-4117-b2c7-06ffc6e68acb*, or as a domain name, e.g. *contoso.onmicrosoft.com*
- Client ID and secret: enter the client ID and secret of the previously registered Azure App
- Scopes of access: enter a list of scopes, which limit what the resulting secret can be used for, e.g. only to access SharePoint (for more details see the **OAuth2 scopes** section)



In technical terms, the authentication is based on the **OAuth 2.0 Client Credentials** flow. KNIME Hub requests a new access token whenever the secret is used in a workflow. The selected scopes correspond to **application permissions** in Microsoft/Azure. Consult the respective **how-to** for more information on how to correctly set up an Azure App and application permissions.

Username/Password

This type supports authenticating as a user in the Microsoft/Azure cloud. It can be used for scheduled or otherwise automated workflows on KNIME Hub, where no user is present to interactively login. However, note that this authentication type is **discouraged by Microsoft**. It does not support accounts 2FA/MFA and has further limitations.

As a prerequisite, an App in Azure Entra ID (**formerly Azure Active Directory**) needs to be registered. Please see the respective **how-to**.

For this secret type you can specify:

- Credentials: specify your Microsoft/azure username and password.
- Client/App configuration: enter the client ID of the previously registered Azure App
- Scopes of access: enter a list of scopes to limit what the resulting secret can be used for, e.g. only to access SharePoint (for more details see the **OAuth2 scopes** section)
- Authorization endpoint: either use the default URL, or enter a custom one, which allows to sign into a specific Azure tenant



In technical terms, the authentication is based on the [OAuth 2.0 Resource Owner Password Credentials flow](#). KNIME Hub requests a new access token whenever the secret is used in a workflow. The selected scopes correspond to [delegated permissions](#) in Microsoft/Azure. Consult the respective [how-to](#) for more information on how to correctly set up an Azure App and delegated permissions.

Azure Storage shared access signature (SAS)

This type allows to authenticate against Azure Blob Storage/Data Lake Storage Gen2 with a *Shared Access Signature (SAS)*. A SAS grants restricted and time-limited access to an Azure Storage container or objects within. See [here](#) for further documentation.

For this secret type you only need to specify a SAS URL. Consult the respective [how-to](#) for how to create a SAS URL.

Azure Storage shared key

This type allows to authenticate against Azure Blob Storage/Data Lake Storage Gen2 with a *shared key*. The shared key grants unrestricted access to an Azure Storage account and all containers within. See [here](#) for further documentation.



Microsoft/Azure recommends to not use shared key authentication, as it provides unrestricted access to an Azure Storage account and all containers within. Any of the other authentication types in this section can be used instead.

For this secret type you need to specify:

- Storage account: enter the unique name of the storage account
- Shared key: the shared key, which can be located as described [here](#)

Standard OAuth2 scopes for Azure services

This section lists the different scopes for most common Azure services you can access from within KNIME Analytics Platform. For more details and a complete list of all the available scopes see the [Microsoft documentation](#). To use one of the common services mentioned below copy the scope next to the service and paste it into the *Scopes of access* section of the secret.

- Sharepoint files and list items (Read): `Sites.Read.All` This permission allows the token to be used for reading files and list items stored on SharePoint Online. Note that access to any specific SharePoint site needs to be additionally granted to the user by that site.
- Sharepoint files and list items (Read/Write): `Sites.ReadWrite.All` This permission allows the token to read and write files as well as list items stored on SharePoint Online. This includes creating and deleting files, but not lists. Note that access to any specific SharePoint site needs to be additionally granted to the user by that site.
- Sharepoint files, lists and list items (Read/Write): `Sites.Manage.All` This permission allows the token to read and write files, lists as well as list items stored on SharePoint Online. This includes creating and deleting files as well as lists. Note that access to any specific SharePoint site needs to be additionally granted to the user by that site.
- User Groups (Read) (Requires admin consent): `Directory.Read.All` This permission is required to browse the Office 365 groups that the logged in user is a member of, when selecting a SharePoint team site to connect to. Note that this permission can only be granted by a Entra ID admin.
- User Groups (Read) (Limited): `User.Read` This permission is required to browse the Office 365 groups that the logged in user is a member of, when selecting a SharePoint team site to connect to. This permission does not require consent by an admin, but cannot access the human-readable names of Office 365 groups, hence only technical IDs will be displayed.
- Azure Blob Storage/Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2: Requests the `user_impersonation` permission for a specific Azure storage account. This permission allows the token to access data stored in that storage account. Note that access to any specific data in that account needs to be additionally granted to the user, before any access is possible.
- Azure SQL Database: Requests the `user_impersonation` permission. This permission allows the token to access the Azure SQL API. Note that access to any specific databases/resources needs to be additionally granted to the user, before any actual access is possible.
- Power BI: `Dataset.ReadWrite.All` and `Workspace.Read.All`.

How-tos

Create Azure App for user authentication

This how-to describes how to set up an Azure App, so that it can be used with secrets of type **Microsoft – Interactive** and **Microsoft – Username/Password**.

Prerequisites:

- Permission to register apps in Azure Entra ID. Azure admins generally have this permission, but it can also be provided through roles such as the *Application Administrator* or *Application Developer* (see [here](#)).

Steps:

1. Log into the **Azure Portal**
2. Navigate to *Azure Entra ID* → *App registrations*
3. Register a new app:
 - a. Click *New registration*
 - b. Enter a name, and choose the supported account type (*Single tenant* in most cases)

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > App registrations >

Register an application

*** Name**
The user-facing display name for this application (this can be changed later).

KNIME App ✓

Supported account types
Who can use this application or access this API?

- Accounts in this organizational directory only (Single tenant)
- Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Microsoft Entra ID tenant - Multitenant)
- Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Microsoft Entra ID tenant - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)
- Personal Microsoft accounts only

[Help me choose...](#)

Redirect URI (optional)
We'll return the authentication response to this URI after successfully authenticating the user. Providing this now is optional and it can be changed later, but a value is required for most authentication scenarios.

Public client/native (mobile ...)

Register an app you're working on here. Integrate gallery apps and other apps from outside your organization by adding from [Enterprise applications](#).

By proceeding, you agree to the [Microsoft Platform Policies](#)

Register

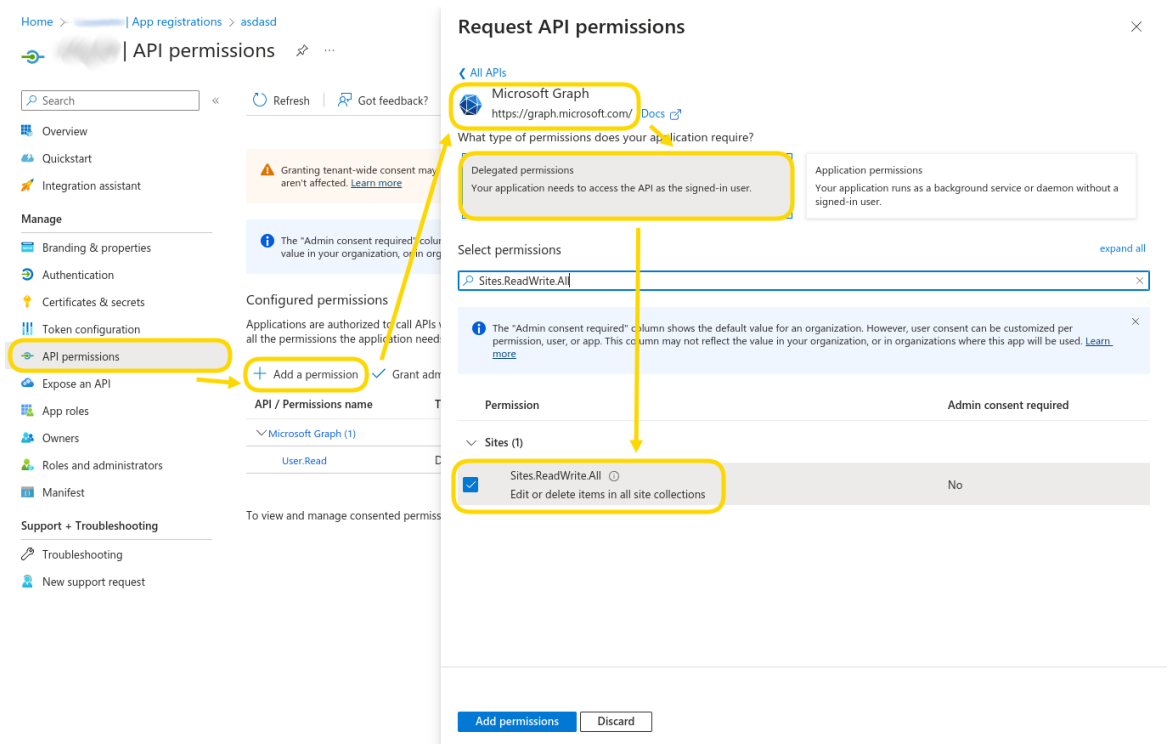
c. Under *Redirect URI*:

- Select the platform called *Public client/native (mobile & desktop)*
- Enter `https://api.<base-url>/oauth2-flows/callback` where `<base-url>` is your Business Hub instance URL, e.g. `hub.example.com`. Note that the hostname must be prefixed with `api.` in the redirect URI.

d. Click *Register*

4. Add delegated permissions:

- In your app, navigate to *API permissions*
- Click *Add a permission* to add the necessary permissions that the app should have. For example, to allow read/write access to SharePoint choose *Microsoft Graph* → *Delegated permissions* → *Sites* → *Sites.ReadWrite.All*. The required permissions depend on how you plan to use the app in KNIME workflows (for a list of common scopes see the [OAuth2 scopes](#) section).
- Click *Add permissions*



- d. If shown, click *Grant admin consent for ...* to give admin consent for all added API permissions. In this case users will not be prompted for consent during interactive authentication anymore.
5. Only if you need to use the app with secrets of type **Microsoft – Username/Password** (discouraged):
 - a. In your app, navigate to *Authentication* → *Allow public client flows*
 - b. Set the slider to **Yes**
 - c. Click **Save**

Home > App registrations > asdasd

Authentication

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Got feedback?

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Depending on the platform or device this application is targeting, additional configuration may be required such as redirect URIs, specific authentication settings, or fields specific to the platform.

+ Add a platform

Mobile and desktop applications

Quickstart Docs

Redirect URIs

The URIs we will accept as destinations when returning authentication responses (tokens) after successfully authenticating users. The redirect URI you send in the request to the login server should match one listed here. Also referred to as reply URLs. [Learn more about Redirect URIs and their restrictions](#)

https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/nativeclient

https://login.live.com/oauth20_desktop.srf (LiveSDK)

msal10676468-30a9-429e-a170-bcb102ca7dcc://auth (MSAL only)

https://api.hub.example.com/oauth2-flows/callback

Add URI

Supported account types

Who can use this application or access this API?

Accounts in this organizational directory only (Single tenant)

Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Microsoft Entra ID tenant - Multitenant)

[Help me decide...](#)

Advanced settings

Allow public client flows

Enable the following mobile and desktop flows: Yes No

- App collects plaintext password (Resource Owner Password Credential Flow) [Learn more](#)
- No keyboard (Device Code Flow) [Learn more](#)
- SSO for domain-joined Windows (Windows Integrated Auth Flow) [Learn more](#)

App instance property lock

Configure the application instance modification lock. [Learn more](#) Configure

Save Discard

d. Navigate to *API permissions*, add all required API permissions and consent to them as in step 6 above.

6. Retrieve the application ID:

- In your app, navigate to *Overview*
- Copy the *Application (client) ID*

7. In your KNIME Hub secret(s):

- Paste the application ID into the *Client/App ID* field

i

API permissions, also called scopes, act as a upper limit on what can be done with the acquired access token. On top of that, most services in the Microsoft/Azure platform impose **additional** permission checks based on the user's roles and groups. Examples are [SharePoint permissions](#) or [Azure RBAC](#).

Create Azure App for application/service principals

This how-to describes how to set up an Azure App, so that it can be used with secrets of type [Microsoft – Application/Service principal](#).

Prerequisites:

- Permission to register apps in Azure Entra ID. Azure admins generally have this permission, but it can also be provided through roles such as the *Application Administrator* or *Application Developer* (see [here](#)).

Steps:

1. Log into the [Azure Portal](#)
2. Navigate to *Azure Entra ID* → *App registrations*
3. Register a new app:
 - a. Click *New registration*
 - b. Enter a name, and choose the supported account type (*Single tenant* in most cases). A redirect URI is not required.
 - c. Click *Register*
4. Add application permissions:
 - a. In your app, navigate to *API permissions*
 - b. Click *Add a permission* to add the necessary permissions that the app should have. For example, to allow read/write access to SharePoint choose *Microsoft Graph* → *Application permissions* → *Sites* → *Sites.ReadWrite.All*. The required permissions depend on how you plan to use the app in KNIME workflows (for a list of common scopes see the [OAuth2 scopes](#) section).
 - c. Click *Add permissions*
 - d. Click *Grant admin consent for ...* to give admin consent for all added API permissions.
5. Create an application secret:
 - a. In your app, navigate to *Certificates & secrets* → *Client secrets*
 - b. Click *New client secret*
 - c. Enter a description and expiry
 - d. Click *Add*
 - e. Copy the *Value* of the newly created client secret, as it is only shown once after creation.

6. Retrieve the application ID:
 - a. In your app, navigate to *Overview*
 - b. Copy the *Application (client) ID*
7. In your KNIME Hub secret(s):
 - a. Paste the application ID into the *Client/App ID* field
 - b. Paste the client secret into the *Client/App Secret* field



API permissions, also called scopes, act as a upper limit on what can be done with the acquired access token. On top of that, some services in the Microsoft/Azure platform impose **additional** permission checks based on roles and group memberships of the service principal. An example of this is [Azure RBAC](#).

Create Azure Storage SAS URL

This how-to describes how to create an Azure Storage SAS URL, so that it can be used with secrets of type [Azure Storage shared access signature \(SAS\)](#). A SAS URL grants restricted and time-limited access to an Azure Storage container or objects inside a container.

Prerequisites:

- Permission to create SAS URLs, depending on the type of SAS to create. See [here](#) for an overview.

To create an Azure Storage SAS URL for a container

1. Log into the [Azure Portal](#)
2. Navigate to *Storage Accounts* → *Your Account* → *Containers* → *Your Container* → *Shared access tokens*
3. Enter signing method, permissions and expiry information
4. Click *Generate SAS token and URL*
5. Copy the *Blob SAS URL*
6. In your KNIME Hub secret(s): Paste the copied *Blob SAS URL* into the *SAS URL* field

The steps to create SAS URL for a specific object inside a container are similar. Navigate to the object, click on it and then choose *Generate SAS*.

Find the Azure Storage shared key

This how-to describes how to locate the shared key of an Azure Storage account, so that it can be used with secrets of type **Azure Storage shared key**. Such a key grants unrestricted access to an Azure Storage account and all containers within.

Prerequisites:

- Permission to view the account keys of the Storage account. Several roles as described [here](#) allow to view account keys.

The shared key for an Azure Storage container can be found as follows:

1. Log into the **Azure Portal**
2. Navigate to *Storage Accounts* → *Your Account* → *Access keys*
3. Copy one of the shown keys
4. In your KNIME Hub secret(s): Paste the copied key into the *Shared key* field

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